

Introduction to function spaces: Assignment II

1. Prove that for $\eta, \varphi \in S$, $t, s > 0$

$$(\eta * \varphi_s)_t(z) = \eta_t * \varphi_{st}(z), \quad z \in \mathbb{R}^n.$$

2. A cube in \mathbb{R}^n ,

$$Q = 2^{-j} \left([0, 1]^n + k \right) = \left[2^{-j} k_1, 2^{-j} (k_1 + 1) \right] \times \cdots \times \left[2^{-j} k_n, 2^{-j} (k_n + 1) \right], \quad j \in \mathbb{Z},$$

is called a dyadic cube (at scale j). Define the Dyadic Hardy-Littlewood maximal function by

$$M_d f(x) := \sup_{x \in Q} \frac{1}{|Q|} \int_Q |f(x)|.$$

Prove that M_d maps $L_p \rightarrow L_p$, $1 < p \leq \infty$ and $L_1 \rightarrow L_{1,\infty}$.

Hint No need to go through the proof of the maximal theorem.

3. Let $T : L_1(X) \rightarrow L_{1,\infty}(X)$, with norm $\|T\|_{L_1 \rightarrow L_{1,\infty}} < \infty$ and suppose that $f \in L_1(X)$. Prove that for any set $A \subset X$ of finite measure (volume) and $0 < q < 1$

$$\int_A |Tf(x)|^q \leq \frac{1}{1-q} \|T\|^q |A|^{1-q} \|f\|_1^q.$$

Hint: Recall that $\int_A |Tf(x)|^q = q \int_0^\infty \alpha^{q-1} \left| \left\{ x \in A : |Tf(x)| > \alpha \right\} \right| d\alpha$. Split the right side integral into

$$\int_0^\infty = \int_0^\lambda + \int_\lambda^\infty \quad \text{with } \lambda = |A|^{-1} \|T\| \|f\|_1.$$

4. Can you prove the Vitali covering lemma for triangles in \mathbb{R}^2 ? That is, does there exist an absolute constant $c > 0$, such that for any union of triangles $E = \bigcup_{j=1}^N \Delta_j$, there exist a pairwise interior disjoint sub-collection

$$\{\Delta_{j_k}\}_{k=1}^M, \text{ such that } \left| \bigcup_{k=1}^M \Delta_{j_k} \right| = \sum_{k=1}^M |\Delta_{j_k}| \geq c |E|.$$